

RESOLUTION NO. 21/19-P
ON
JAMMU AND KASHMIR DISPUTE

The Nineteenth Islamic Conference of Foreign Ministers (Session of Peace, Interdependence and Development), held in Cairo, Egypt, from 9-14 Muharram 1411H (31 July - 5 August 1990),

Reaffirming the principles and objectives of the Organization of Islamic Conference which emphasize the common goals and destiny of the peoples of the Islamic Ummah;

Emphasizing the purposes and principles of the UN Charter and recalling the UN resolutions relevant to the Jammu and Kashmir;

Recalling also that the Simla Agreement signed between the Governments of India and Pakistan calls for a final settlement of Jammu and Kashmir issue;

1. Calls for a peaceful settlement of the Jammu and Kashmir issue in accordance with the relevant UN Resolutions and as agreed upon in the Simla Agreement.
2. Welcomes the commencement of dialogue between India and Pakistan and encourages further negotiations with a view to resolving their outstanding differences through peaceful means and affirms that a sustained dialogue is essential to address the core of the problems and to remove the basic causes of tension between India and Pakistan.
3. Calls upon India and Pakistan to redeploy their forces to peace-time locations.
4. Expresses its deep concern at the prevailing tension that threatens security and peace in the region.
5. Expresses its deep concern at the violation of human rights and violence against the people of Jammu and Kashmir and calls for the respect of their human rights.
6. Expresses its willingness to send a good offices mission under the Chairman of the Islamic Conference of Foreign Ministers with a view to easing the tension between the two countries and to promote a peaceful settlement.